

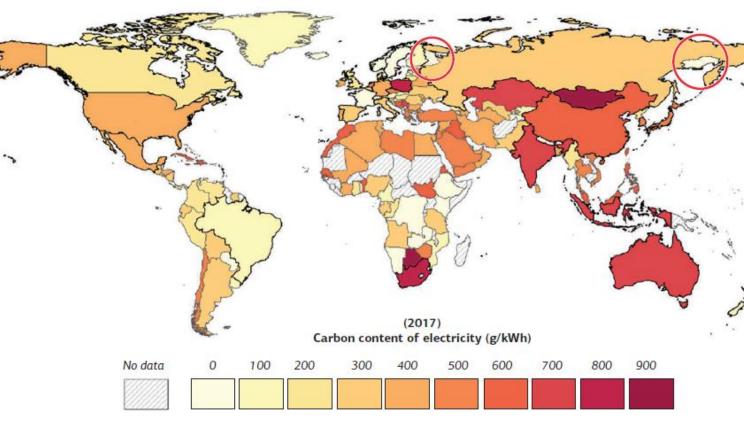
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## Hydrogen in Russian long-term energy strategy



#### **Opportunities**:

- low carbon footprint of electricity (esp. in particular regions of Russia);
- additional potential of renewables;
- existing natural gas transport infrastructure;
- proximity to EU / East Asian markets;
- 60+ years experience of H2 for space | military applications.



Source: I. Staffell, IEA

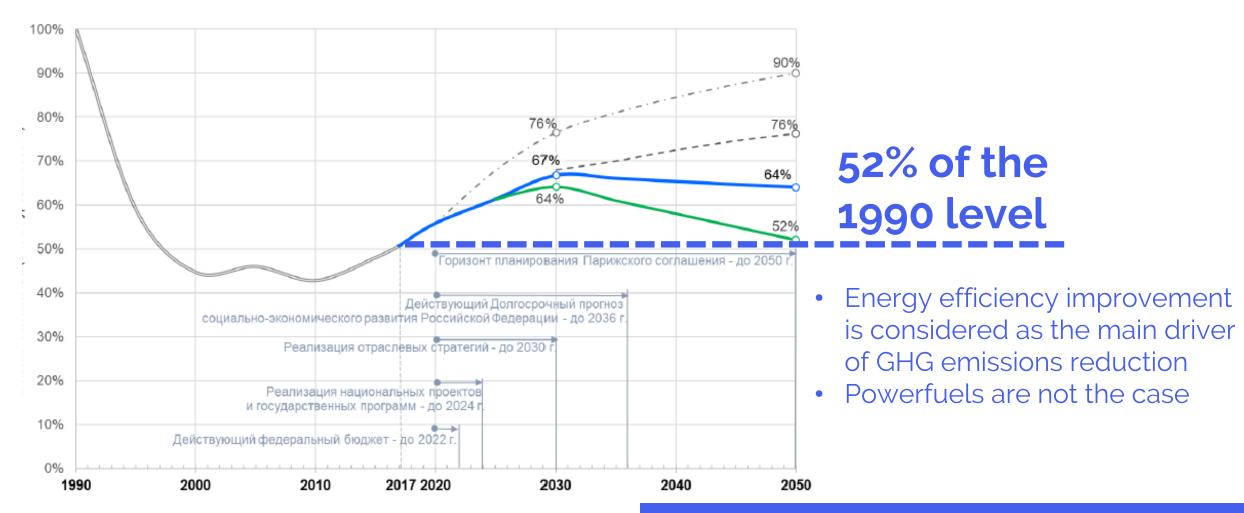
# Blue Green Turquoise Yellow

# Russian Energy strategy aims to export of 2 million tons of H<sub>2</sub> by 2035

# Incentives for the hydrogen policy development worldwide:

- decarbonization / CO2 emission reduction;
- reduction of local air pollution by vehicles;
- demand on low-carbon energy storage due to solar/wind renewables development;
- energy security;
- economic development

## What about incentives in Russia?



Source: draft of the Long-term low carbon development strategy, March 2020 (https://www.economy.gov.ru) Anthropogenic GHG emissions targets in Russia are planned at the same level by 2050 as in 2017 (best case)

Air pollution by vehicles?

Low carbon energy storage?

**Energy security?** 

#### Air pollution by vehicles?

Low carbon energy storage?

**Energy security?** 



#### Air pollution by vehicles?



#### Low carbon energy storage?

0,15%

share of solar+wind in 2019 electricity mix in Russia

Source: System Operator, 2020

**Energy security?** 

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**Energy security?** 

#1

energy exporter worldwide

- Focus on H2 import, negligible local market (until technology cost reduction worldwide)?
- 2. Stimulating the local market, subsidies, tightening the national climate policy?

Hydrogen policy at a crossroads: choosing the best way